

FAMOUS OFFICER DIES

REAR ADMIRAL, M'CALLA A VICTIM OF APOPLEXY.

His Most Brilliant Achievements Were in the War with Spain and the Pekin Relief Column—Had a Fine Record in the Civil War.

Santa Barbara, Cal.: Rear Admiral B. H. McCalla, U. S. N., retired, died at 4 o'clock Friday morning of apoplexy.

High naval officers in Washington, when they learned of the sudden death of Rear Admiral Bowman Henry McCalla, were unanimous in their expression of sorrow and praise of the dead officer.

Rear Admiral McCalla was born at Camden, N. J., in 1844, entering the navy in 1861. His services during the almost thirty-nine years of active duty in all parts of the world were noted with conspicuous acts. The most brilliant achievements of the dead officer were in connection with the war with Spain and the Pekin relief column, for which he received signal recognition in the shape of a congressional medal for distinguished service in battle, and also international acknowledgment of his labors through the bestowal on him of the Order of the Red Eagle by the German emperor and the Chinese war medal by the king of England.

DECLINES TO DISCUSS IT.

Mrs. Harriman Refuses to Confirm Engagement of Daughter.

New York: Mrs. Mary Averell Harriman, widow of the late E. H. Harriman, declined Wednesday night to discuss a report that her daughter Mary will marry Charles Carey Rumsey, of Buffalo. When Mrs. Harriman was informed that news of such an engagement was current she sent back word, "I will neither confirm nor deny the report."

She would add nothing to this laconic statement.

Rumsey is a sculptor. It was his model that was chosen by a committee to build a memorial to Harriman in the county seat of Orange county, in which Arden is situated, in recognition of Mr. Harriman's services as a breeder of blooded horses and a builder of good roads.

Mrs. Harriman and her daughter spent the winter at their town house in Fifth avenue. Mr. Rumsey is in New York much of the time this winter.

CASE OF A. K. DETWILER.

Indicted on Charges of Bribery in Toledo, March 20, 1907.

Toledo, O.: A. K. Detwiler, former vice president of the Home Telephone company, of Ohio, and who surrendered in San Francisco Tuesday, where he is under indictment on charges of bribing supervisors of the Reuf-Schmitz regime, was indicted here on March 20, 1907. He left this city two days later and went to Adrian, Mich., and thence immediately to St. Louis, where he stayed a couple of days. From the Mound city he went to Arkansas, where he lived for several months.

Detwiler later went to the mountains near the western coast where he has kept in hiding until he was notified Tuesday that arrangements had been made relative to securing a bond. A wire was received from him there Wednesday morning saying that he would visit Toledo in a week or ten days.

E. S. Cooke is Indicted Again.

Cincinnati, O.: Edgar S. Cooke, of Chicago, formerly employed by the Big Four Railway company here, was indicted by the Hamilton county grand jury again Tuesday in connection with the Warriner case. The return charges the embezzlement of \$24,000. A previous indictment against Cooke charged him with having received stolen property, part of the shortage to which Charles L. Warriner, former local treasurer of the road, confessed.

Sioux City Live Stock Market.

Sioux City, Io.: Friday's quotations on the local live stock market follow: Top heaves, \$7.40. Top hogs, \$9.40.

More Snow Sheds for West.

Seattle, Wash.: According to the plans submitted by Chairman J. J. Hill, of the board of directors of the Great Northern railway, at a conference between officials of the company and the state railway commission, practically the whole of the Cascade tunnel region will be provided with snow sheds as a precaution against a recurrence of the Wellington disaster.

RUNNING DOWN WHITE SLAVERS.

Sensational Revelations in New York City.

New York: Additional arrests were expected Thursday in the "white slave" crusade as the result of statements made to District Attorney Whitman Thursday night by Harry Levenson, the self confessed "white slaver."

Levenson's sensational account of "stockades" where girls are kept ready for delivery is believed to have been accompanied by revelations of other secrets of the traffic and of names on which the prosecuting officials may work to round up additional traffickers in women for immoral purposes.

Levenson, who has pleaded guilty to one charge, was arrested with Belle Moore, a mulatto, and Alexander Anderson, charged with being dealers in young white girls.

District Attorney Whitman's investigators include two college bred women who were active in getting evidence against the slavers and who arranged for the purchases which the Whitman agents have testified to having made. They are ready, it is said, to testify at the trial.

Levenson told the district attorney that there are at least three "stockades" in New York, in each of which from five to ten young girls are kept ready, night and day, for instant delivery wherever they may be wanted.

Little effort, said Levenson, is made to recruit women of the street. The "stockades" are filled from the host of young girls who are unhappy at home, or who live narrow lives on their own earnings and long for leisure, good clothes, gayety and freedom from restraint. Well dressed women make it a business to singe out such cases, first winning attention with an invitation to dinner, then describing the ease and pleasure of the alternative they propose.

The girl delivered to the "stockades", it then becomes the business of the proprietor to place his merchandise. In this end of the traffic, Levenson said, he was a specialist. His business was to find a house where the girl was wanted. The house paid the "stockade" keeper a lump sum and allowed Levenson 10 per cent on the girl's earnings.

BIG DRY GOODS HOUSE FAILS.

St. Joseph, Mo., Merchant Says Company Can Clear Up Obligations.

St. Joseph, Mo.: Judge L. J. Easton, of the circuit court has appointed receivers for the Hundley Dry Goods company. Harry M. Hundley, president of the company, says the company will pay every dollar of its obligations if let alone.

William A. Graham and James M. Brady, petitioning creditors, do not agree with Mr. Hundley in his optimistic views. They are not satisfied and the charge is made that funds of the company have been diverted. They declare business is good, but fear for their money.

The Hundley Dry Good company has a capital stock, paid up, of \$500,000, divided into 5,000 shares of \$100 each. Of that stock \$200,000 is preferred, and the preferred stock is owned equally by W. S. Jackson and Jacob M. Ford of St. Joseph, William A. Graham owns 120 shares of common stock, James M. Brady owns 100 shares of common stock, and the remainder of the common stock is owned principally by the Hundley family.

The house was established in 1880 as the McKinney, Hundley & Walker Dry Goods company and was incorporated in 1890 under the same name. There were various changes in the name. It was the Hundley-Smith Dry Goods company until about three years ago, when E. C. Smith retired, and it then became the Hundley Dry Goods company.

JAPAN AND THE U. S.

Temps Paper Comments on Taft's Speech in Pittsburgh.

Paris: The Temps, commenting on President Taft's recent speech at Pittsburgh, expresses the opinion that any attempt to resuscitate Secretary Knox's plan for the neutralization of the Manchurian railways is doomed to failure.

In his remarks about the open door in China the paper thinks Mr. Taft has placed his finger on the true cause of the conflict between Washington and Tokio, that of commercial supremacy in the Pacific. However, the Temps does not consider the issue threatening, as both the United States and Japan are resolved to avoid complications.

ENGINEER LOSES LIFE.

Fireman Fatally Injured in a Missouri Train Wreck.

Hilliard, Mo.: Engineer David Barnett, of St. Louis, was killed; Engineer William Hearst, of St. Louis, was fatally injured, and 22 passengers sustained minor hurts in a head-on collision Wednesday afternoon between Iron Mountain trains Nos. 8 and 23 near here. The injured were taken to Poplar Bluff on a relief train.

Bucket Shops to Be Wiped Out.

Washington, D. C.: Complete suppression of the "bucket shop" business throughout the United States is sought by the department of justice. Prosecutions already started are to be continued.

Report on N. Y. Auto Owners.

Albany, N. Y.: There are 100,000 automobiles in New York state, according to a report on licenses given out Tuesday.

Nebraska State News In Concise Form

NOT LIKELY TO BE GRANTED.

Judge Looks With Disfavor on Club Injunctions.

At the conclusion of the trial of the Lincoln club injunction cases in district court Thursday Judge Frost indicated that the application for a permanent injunction forbidding the city and its officials from raiding the club rooms and seizing the liquors found therein without proper warrant, would be denied and the temporary injunction dissolved. Last June all of the clubs obtained restraining orders to prevent the officials interfering with them and later these orders were modified so as to forbid the officers invading the clubs and seizing their liquors without a warrant regularly issued. The clubs sought to have these orders made permanent.

All parties admitted that the question was not an important one, as would have no legal right to do things from which it was sought to enjoin them; that is, they could not legally enter the club houses and seize the property of the organizations without first securing a warrant from the proper court.

LINCOLN'S PLANT IS LOSER.

Report of City Auditor of Lincoln on Water System Shows Yearly Loss.

The Electrical Workers association, which opened at Lincoln Thursday, took exception to the statement of Mayor Love, who, in his welcome address, said that the city owned the water plant at Lincoln and had netted the city some \$30,000 in addition to furnishing water to consumers at 15 cents per 1,000 gallons and the city for nothing.

Mr. Scoutt, of the Kearney Water and Electric Power company, was appointed a committee to investigate the report of the city auditor of Lincoln and give his analysis to the convention. Mr. Scoutt's report showed that instead of showing a net revenue, the plant was actually run at a loss of \$3,000.

The analysis of Mr. Scoutt is based on the contention that the city auditor's report overlooks charges and losses, such as arise from taxes, breakage and the like.

CROPS GET A GOOD SOAKING.

Entire Grain Belt of Nebraska, Kansas and Eastern Colorado Wet.

Rain worth millions. The entire wheat belt of Nebraska, Kansas and eastern Colorado was visited with a general rain Thursday morning. Continuing at intervals during the day and becoming a steady fall all Thursday and Friday night.

The Union Pacific reports that it was raining Thursday over the entire system, with temperatures varying from 45 to 55 degrees. All of the stations along the Burlington route, where cloudy weather was reported. According to Northwestern officials there is rain all along the Nebraska lines from Merriman southeast.

BLAIR BOY LOSES FOOT.

Jesse Bigelow Falls Under Union Pacific Train at Sidney.

Jesse Bigelow, aged 18, son of T. S. Bigelow, of Blair, while trying to board a moving freight train in the Union Pacific yards at Sidney, slipped and fell from the cars and mangled his left foot so badly that it necessitated amputation above the ankle. Dr. Simons, the county physician, assisted by Dr. Graham, performed the operation.

The young man was trying to steal a ride with another fellow when the accident took place.

MINTYRE MURDER TRIAL.

Judge Overrules Motion of Defense for a Continuance.

Judge Hanna Thursday overruled the motion of the defense in the case of Harry G. McIntyre, charged with the murder of O. F. Hamilton, for a continuance, and the trial will be held at the present term of court at Mullen. The law firm of Sullivan & Squires has been appointed by the court to conduct the defense, and W. D. Oldham, of Kearney, has been engaged to assist in the prosecution.

Boy Badly Injured.

Linn Linford, son of J. S. Linford, living near St. Mary, suffered an accident Monday, the result of which is not yet determined. He was riding on a lister when the tongue broke and threw him off in front. The machine passed over him and it is thought injured him quite badly internally.

Jury Attaches No Blame.

The coroner's jury empaneled at Bartlett to investigate the sudden death of Pearl Newman, a colored girl, decided that death resulted from poisoning but failed to attach blame to any particular person.

Plattsburgh Votes Paving Bonds.

At a special election at Plattsburgh the issuance of paving bonds carried by a large majority. The bonds are to be issued for the sum of \$3,500.

MAN WANTED FOR MURDER.

Sheriff Kennedy and Detective from Chicago Arrest Italian.

Sheriff Kennedy, of Broken Bow, in company with Julian Bernacchi, a well known police detective of Chicago, made an important catch near Merna Tuesday in the person of Antoine Montato, charged with the murder of a Chicago saloonkeeper on the evening of April 23 last.

Montato, who has been working with the Burlington road crew under the assumed name of Salvator Aganzino, was found by the officers hiding behind a farm barn. He made little resistance when arrested.

Montato with two others is charged with entering Cantaneros' saloon April 26, enticing the proprietor to a back room and shooting him three times through the head before robbing him.

Two of the alleged murderers were arrested and one confessed. Montato got away. Detective Bernacchi with great difficulty trailed his man to Broken Bow and with the assistance of Sheriff Kennedy finally located him with the railroad gang several miles northwest of there.

Mr. Bernacchi is one of the four Italian detectives of Chicago who handle the Black Hand cases and is one of the personal staff of Assistant Chief Schuettler.

CUSTER PHYSICIAN DEAD.

Dr. A. E. Robertson, of Mason City, Dies from Attack of Pneumonia.

Dr. A. E. Robertson, for fifteen years a well known citizen and leading physician of Custer county, died at his home at Mason City Tuesday morning of pneumonia, aged 38 years. He was a native of Clissfield, Mich., and a graduate of the Michigan university of Ann Arbor and of the Rush Medical college of Chicago. He located at Ashton, Sherman county, in May, 1893, and two years later removed to Mason City. He leaves a wife and little daughter. Dr. Robertson was a prominent and leading citizen of that community and his untimely death is greatly deplored. The fatal illness which caused his death was contracted while attending to professional duties during the severe cold weather of ten days ago.

HEAR MR. BRYAN SPEAK.

Governor and R. L. Metcalfe Also on Toastmasters' List.

W. J. Bryan, Gov. A. C. Shallenberger and Richard L. Metcalfe were three of the speakers at the first annual dinner of the democracy of Johnson county, held at Tecumseh Tuesday night at Smith's theater.

Mr. Bryan talked briefly on the initiative and referendum, Gov. Shallenberger discoursed on "Nebraska," and Mr. Metcalfe on "Democracy's Opportunity." Judge W. H. Kelliger, of Auburn, discussed "The Judiciary in Politics." Edgar Howard, of Columbus, was on the program, but did not appear.

The dinner was attended by 200 men. Rev. Thomas Barden, of St. Andrews', gave the invocation. The toastmaster was Dr. A. P. Fitzsimmons, county chairman.

Gun Found in Bed.

The chambermaid at the Hotel Ainsworth at Ainsworth, in making the bed in room 14, occupied by Walter Refenberg, alias George Wilson, found the gun with which, it is alleged, he shot Jake Davis last December. The weapon had been stuck in the mattress. It showed blood. There was also found a bloodstained pocket-book, some bloody papers and some empty shells.

Proposed Hospital for York.

At a meeting of the York Commercial club, called for the purpose of promoting and building a hospital, Rev. Dana Colgrove of the Episcopal church of York, submitted blue prints and plans of a hospital that will be under the supervision of a board of directors, residents of York, and maintained by the diocese of Nebraska.

Next Session at Kearney.

The 1911 meeting of the Nebraska Commercial clubs is to be held at Kearney. A sharp contest between Kearney and Lincoln featured the closing day of the convention at Columbus. Two combats were involved in the general campaign which resulted in the ultimate choice of Kearney by a practically unanimous vote.

More Licenses Issued.

At a special meeting of the city council of Beatrice Tuesday evening saloon licenses were granted to A. M. Lavalle, Bryan Bladt, Winfield Dolen and F. H. Hobbs. This will make five saloons for Beatrice.

Stratton Man Found Dead.

Clark Townsend, of Stratton, was found dead in bed Thursday morning, death resulting from heart disease.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

CHICAGO.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Chicago trade says:

"Seasonable weather stimulates activity, but distributive branches recover slowly from the recent setback, and the curtailment in business generally is reflected by reduced payments through the banks and increased trading defaults. Allowing for exaggerated estimates it is clear that the late bad weather has been hurtful to various interests, but most indications encourage large hopes of good prospects in agriculture, although grain growers are confronted with declining prices.

"The industrial position as a whole exhibits sustained strength in both production and new demands despite efforts of pig iron operators to lessen outputs. Transportation returns testify to enormous movements of heavy freight, and the aggregate remains good in general merchandise and raw material for factory use.

"Packing operations are still limited by a poor supply of raw material, and advance estimates of provision stocks in store indicate little change over a month ago.

"In general merchandise dealings a fair business is apparent in dry goods, clothing, millinery, silks, footwear and food products, notwithstanding a smaller attendance of outside buyers

"Bank clearings, \$267,301,374, exceed those of the corresponding week in 1909 by 6.8 per cent and compare with \$235,642,956 in 1908. Failures reported in the Chicago district number twenty-eight, against fifteen last week, twenty-three in 1909 and thirty-nine in 1908. Those with liabilities over \$5,000 number eight, as against four last week, seven in 1909 and nine in 1908."

NEW YORK.

Cold weather, with snow West and South, has checked retail trade and dulled reorder business in spring goods, while the reports of crop damage resulting from the return of winter have tended to discourage full business, pending clearer views of the ultimate crop outcome. Taken as a whole, the reports from jobbing and wholesale trade lines and industries point to a slowing down rather than a quickening of demand, and the downward tendency of many commodities does not seem to have brought out much new business.

Business failures in the United States for the week ending with April 28 were 189, as against 193 last week, 268 in the like week of 1909, 282 in 1908, 163 in 1907 and 139 in 1906. Business failures for the week in Canada numbered twenty-one, which compare with fifteen last week and twenty-one in the corresponding week of 1909.—Bradstreet's.

THE MARKETS

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$4.00 to \$8.30; hogs, prime heavy, \$7.00 to \$9.40; sheep, fair to choice, \$4.50 to \$7.75; wheat, No. 2, \$1.11 to \$1.13; corn, No. 2, 59c to 61c; oats, standard, 40c to 42c; rye, No. 2, 77c to 78c; hay, timothy, \$10.00 to \$18.00; prairie, \$8.00 to \$14.00; butter, choice creamery, 25c to 28c; eggs, fresh, 17c to 20c; potatoes, per bushel, 24c to 33c.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$8.00; hogs, good to choice heavy, \$7.00 to \$9.55; sheep, good to choice, \$3.00 to \$6.50; wheat, No. 2, \$1.04 to \$1.06; corn, No. 2 white, 62c to 64c; oats, No. 2 white, 42c to 43c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$8.25; hogs, \$7.00 to \$9.25; sheep, \$4.50 to \$7.90; wheat, No. 2, \$1.13 to \$1.15; corn, No. 2, 62c to 63c; oats, No. 2, 40c to 42c; rye, No. 2, 77c to 79c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$7.60; hogs, \$7.00 to \$9.55; sheep, \$3.00 to \$7.00; wheat, No. 2, \$1.10 to \$1.12; corn, No. 2 mixed, 60c to 61c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 44c to 45c; rye, No. 2, 82c to 84c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$7.00; hogs, \$7.00 to \$10.85; sheep, \$3.50 to \$8.00; wheat, No. 2, \$1.06 to \$1.07; corn, No. 3 yellow, 61c to 62c; oats, standard, 43c to 44c; rye, No. 1, 79c to 81c.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 northern, \$1.06 to \$1.09; corn, No. 3, 59c to 61c; oats, standard, 40c to 42c; rye, No. 1, 78c to 80c; barley, standard, 64c to 65c; pork, mess, \$21.75.

Buffalo—Cattle, choice shipping steers, \$4.00 to \$8.15; hogs, fair to choice, \$7.00 to \$9.80; sheep, common to good mixed, \$4.00 to \$8.50; lambs, fair to choice, \$6.00 to \$9.35.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, \$1.07 to \$1.08; corn, No. 2 mixed, 59c to 60c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 42c to 43c; rye, No. 2, 78c to 79c; clover seed, \$6.30.

New York—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$9.00; hogs, \$7.00 to \$10.00; sheep, \$4.00 to \$7.50; wheat, No. 2 red, \$1.11 to \$1.12; corn, No. 2, 61c to 62c; oats, natural, white, 45c to 48c; butter, creamery, 27c to 30c; eggs, western, 19c to 22c.

A New York cable dispatch tells of the recent death in Paris of Baroness de Roques, mother of Mrs. Maybrick, who was confined many years in a British prison under a life sentence. The baroness is said to have died in poverty.

BRIBERY CHARGE IN ILLINOIS.

Legislator Says Senatorial Deadlock Was Broken by Vote-Buying.

An amazing story alleging bribery and corruption in the election of William Lorimer as United States Senator from Illinois was unfolded to State's Attorney Wayman in Chicago the other day by Representative Charles A. White of St. Clair County, who made a confession to the public prosecutor that he received \$1,000 for his vote.

Charges that the breaking of the celebrated deadlock was accomplished by the wholesale buying of votes at prices ranging from \$1,000 to \$2,000, were accompanied by further allegations from White that he had participated to the extent of \$900 in the splitting up of the "jack pot," a term he used to designate a "slush fund" alleged to have been collected for the defeat or passage of legislation. The disclosures, which shook State politics to its foundation, were followed by immediate steps on the part of the authorities to start investigations.

Senator Lorimer makes emphatic denial of the White charges, and says no votes were purchased. Minority Leader Lee O'Neill Browne asserts that White's story originated as a blackmailing scheme. Representative Robert E. Wilson, who is said to be the person who paid to White the money for his vote, says White's charges are false and denies knowledge of a "jack pot" or "slush fund."

MUCH STRYCHNINE IN SWOPES.

Dr. Vaughan, State's Most Important Witness, on Stand.

Dr. Victor C. Vaughan, the toxicologist of Ann Arbor, Mich., and regarded by the State as its most important witness in the Hyde murder trial in Kansas City, began his testimony the other day. Searches for poison made by him alone and also with the aid of Dr. Walter S. Haines of Chicago, who has already testified, had resulted in the discovery of the following: Twenty-six thirty-thirds of a grain of strychnine in the entire liver of Colonel Thomas M. Swope. Signs of cyanide in the stomach. A trace of strychnine in a kidney. A suggestion, but no positive proof, of cyanide in the stomach of Chrisman Swope. Strychnine in the contents of the stomach of Margaret Swope. Cyanide in capsules said to have been thrown into a street by Dr. B. C. Hyde the night he was expelled from the Swope residence, last Dec. 18. In reply to hypothetical questions regarding the convulsions suffered by these three, Dr. Vaughan said, in his opinion, they had been caused by the administration of some convulsive poison, such as cyanide or strychnine.

ROOSEVELT DAM FINISHED.

Project in Arizona Cost National Government \$8,640,000.

The Roosevelt dam, the great engineering work in connection with the Salt river irrigation project in Arizona, is finished and the United States has closed down its cement plant at Roosevelt. The government entered into the manufacture of cement for the Roosevelt dam nearly five years ago, because of its inability to obtain cement at reasonable prices, owing to the inaccessibility of the dam site and its remoteness from transportation. The engineers of the reclamation service state that the mill has saved the government more than \$650,000.

The reservoir created by the dam is the largest artificial body of water in the world. Its capacity is 61,000,000,000 cubic feet, and if its water were spread over Delaware it would cover the entire surface of the state a foot in depth. The project when completed will cost \$8,640,000. It will irrigate 240,000 acres of land and it is estimated that the crops of a single season will return enough to repay the entire investment of the government.

BOY FIGHTS OFF POSSE.

Youth Who Tried to Slay Girl Gives Up When Soldiers Fire Volley.

Clarence Woods, a 19-year-old clerk employed by the Title Guaranty and Trust Company of Manhattan, killed himself in a boathouse on the Hackensack River, near Rutherford, N. J., after the State militia had been called out to take him dead or alive and with a posse of armed citizens waiting for the first chance to shoot him down. Woods had barricaded himself in the boathouse after attacking 17-year-old Anna Kip with a club because of her refusal to marry him. Believing her dead, he took refuge in the boathouse. Armed with a rifle and two revolvers he shot and seriously wounded Deputy Sheriff Smith of Rutherford and repeatedly fought off all attempts by seventy armed officers and citizens to rush the boathouse. Woods apparently lost his nerve when Company M of the Third Regiment of Hackensack was rushed to the scene and fired a volley into the boathouse and killed himself rather than surrender.

Court Takes Cordage Trust.

An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed in the United States court in New York against the Standard Cordage Company by three bondholders, who assert liabilities total \$2,400,000 and assets only \$1,000,000. Judge Hugh appointed Lindsay Russell receiver.

Union Workmen Start Store.

The high cost of living has moved the union workmen of Brockton, Mass., to establish a co-operative store, where the necessities of life may be purchased at the lowest possible cash prices.